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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/743,333	02/21/2001	Lanfranco Callegaro	204,940	9321

7590 10/06/2003

Abelman Frayne & Schwab
150 East 42nd Street
New York, NY 10017-5612

EXAMINER

DI NOLA BARON, LILIANA

ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
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1615

DATE MAILED: 10/06/2003

15

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

Office Action Summary

Application No.

09/743,333

Applicant(s)

CALLEGARO ET AL.

Examiner

Liliana Di Nola-Baron

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-- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --

Period for Reply

A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.

- Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will be considered timely.
- If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).
- Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).

Status

- 1) ☒ Responsive to communication(s) filed on 28 July 2003.
- 2a) ☐ This action is **FINAL**. 2b) ☒ This action is non-final.
- 3) ☐ Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under *Ex parte Quayle*, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.

Disposition of Claims

- 4) ☒ Claim(s) 25-32 and 34-44 is/are pending in the application.
- 4a) Of the above claim(s) _____ is/are withdrawn from consideration.
- 5) ☐ Claim(s) _____ is/are allowed.
- 6) ☒ Claim(s) 25-32 and 34-44 is/are rejected.
- 7) ☐ Claim(s) _____ is/are objected to.
- 8) ☐ Claim(s) _____ are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.

Application Papers

- 9) ☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner.
- 10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on _____ is/are: a) ☐ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner.
- Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).
- 11) ☐ The proposed drawing correction filed on _____ is: a) ☐ approved b) ☐ disapproved by the Examiner.
- If approved, corrected drawings are required in reply to this Office action.
- 12) ☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner.

Priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120

- 13) ☒ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).
- a) ☒ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:
1. ☒ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.
2. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. _____.
3. ☐ Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).
- * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.
- 14) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(e) (to a provisional application).
- a) ☐ The translation of the foreign language provisional application has been received.
- 15) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 120 and/or 121.

Attachment(s)

- 1) ☒ Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)
- 2) ☐ Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)
- 3) ☐ Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s) _____.
- 4) ☐ Interview Summary (PTO-413) Paper No(s). _____.
- 5) ☐ Notice of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152)
- 6) ☐ Other: _____.

DETAILED ACTION

Receipt of Applicant's request for reconsideration, filed on July 28, 2003, is acknowledged.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

1. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negated by the manner in which the invention was made.

2. Claims 25-32 and 34-44 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Dorigatti et al. (WO 94/17837) in view of Valentini et al. (U.S. Patent 5,939,323).

Dorigatti et al. provides a multilayer nonwoven material comprising a layer coming in contact with the skin and selected from the group consisting of a derivative of hyaluronic acid, specifically a hyaluronic acid ester, and a perforated membrane compatible with cell growth on its surface (See p. 2, lines 16-34). Dorigatti et al. teaches that the perforated membrane may include glycosaminoglycans (See p. 6, lines 13-29) and the nonwoven tissue can be impregnated with pharmaceutically active compounds and be used in surgery because of its antiadhesive properties (See p. 7, lines 16-28).

Thus, with regard to claims 25, 34 and 39-44, the international publication provides the general teachings that cells can be grown on nonwoven material comprising hyaluronic acid esters and/or a perforated membrane comprising glycosaminoglycans, i.e., hyaluronic acid, and the material

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may be used in surgeries, where its antiadhesive properties are required. Dorigatti et al. is deficient in the sense, that the publication does not specify the type of cells, which may be grown on the material of the invention.

With respect to claims 26-32 and 35-38, Dorigatti et al. teaches that hyaluronic acid esters are preferred in the layer contacting the skin (See p. 2, lines 30-34), and includes the esters of hyaluronic acid disclosed in U.S. Patent 4,851,521 and comprising esters of hyaluronic acid with alcohols, sulphonic acids and neutral sulphates, among the hyaluronic acid esters used in the invention (See p. 4, lines 26-29).

Valentini et al. provides derivatives of HA as raw material to fabricate porous, degradable scaffolds for tissue repair and wound healing (See col. 1, lines 64-67). Valentini et al. teaches that the scaffolds can have any size and shape and can be used for attachment of bioactive molecules (See col. 2, lines 7-22). Valentini et al. teaches that most preferably the HA derivative is HA esterified with a benzyl moiety (See col. 2, lines 54-67). Valentini et al. teaches that the scaffolds may be used for the treatment of damage resulting from intestinal cancer or intestinal ulcer, can be seeded with intestinal cells and utilized to promote tissue culture (See col. 7, line 52 to col. 8, line 17).

Thus, Valentini et al. provides HA matrices for the ingrowth of intestinal cells.

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Therefore, it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to combine the teachings of Dorigatti et al. with the teachings of Valentini et al. to growth intestinal cells on nonwoven material. The expected result would have been a successful biological material and successful process for preparing said material. Because of the teachings of Dorigatti et al., that nonwoven material comprising hyaluronic acid esters and/or a perforated membrane may be used in medical application for cell ingrowth, and the teachings of Valentini et al., that derivatives of HA can be used as scaffolds and seeded with intestinal cells to promote tissue culture and treat damage resulting from intestinal ulcer, one of ordinary skill in the art would have a reasonable expectation that the process and compositions claimed in the instant application would be successful in providing a biological material for the treatment of ulcers and intestinal lesions. Therefore the invention as a whole would have been *prima facie* obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made.

Response to Arguments

3. Applicant's arguments with respect to claim 25-32 and 34-44 have been considered but are moot in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

4. In response to Applicant's argument, that the prior art only cite intestinal cells among many different types of cells and no example is given relating to intestinal tissue, it is noted that Valentini et al. teaches that the scaffolds may be used for the treatment of damage resulting from intestinal cancer or intestinal ulcer, can be seeded with intestinal cells and utilized to promote tissue culture (See col. 7, line 52 to col. 8, line 17) and Williams et al. teaches that the tissue engineering devices of the invention may be seeded with cells, including intestinal cells, before

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or after implantation and be used for every tissue, including gastrointestinal tubes (See col. 15, lines 5-33). As for the examples, specific examples are the inventor's best mode and the prior art's best mode does not have to contemplate the specific combination claimed by Applicant.

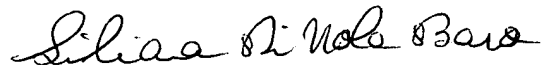
Conclusion

5. Claims 25-32 and 34-44 are rejected.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Liliana Di Nola-Baron whose telephone number is 703-308-8318. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday through Thursday, 5:30AM-4:00PM.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Thurman K Page can be reached on 703-308-2927. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is (703) 872-9306.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is 308-1234/ 1235.



October 1, 2003

Liliana Di Nola-Baron
Patent Examiner
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